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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/809,181	03/16/2001	Toshiya Satoh	503.39864X00	5733
20457	7590 10/08/2002			
ANTONELLI TERRY STOUT AND KRAUS SUITE 1800 1300 NORTH SEVENTEENTH STREET			EXAMINER	
			DIAZ, JOSE R	
ARLINGTON, VA 22209			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		1	2815	<u> </u>
			DATE MAILED: 10/08/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Advisory Action	09/809,181	SATOH ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	José R Diaz	2815
The MAILING DATE of this c mmunication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
THE REPLY FILED 23 September 2002 FAILS TO PLACE Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to average final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.	oid abandonment of this applicated a timely filed amendment which which appeal fee); or (3) a timely	ation. A proper reply to a name of the places the application in
	PLY [check either a) or b)]	
 a) The period for reply expires 4 months from the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire Is ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 C 	Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth ater than SIX MONTHS from the mailing FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THe date on which the petition under 37 CFI of extension and the corresponding amount the shortened statutory period for reply the later than three months after the mail	date of the final rejection. HE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP R 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension unt of the fee. The appropriate extension originally set in the final Office action; or
1. A Notice of Appeal was filed on Appellant's 37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension thereof (37 CFF	-	
2. The proposed amendment(s) will not be entered be	ecause:	
(a) they raise new issues that would require further	er consideration and/or search (s	see NOTE below);
(b) they raise the issue of new matter (see Note b	elow);	
(c) they are not deemed to place the application in issues for appeal; and/or	n better form for appeal by mater	rially reducing or simplifying the
(d) they present additional claims without canceling	ng a corresponding number of fi	nally rejected claims.
NOTE:		
3. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection	on(s):	
4. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would canceling the non-allowable claim(s).	be allowable if submitted in a se	parate, timely filed amendment
5.⊠ The a) affidavit, b) exhibit, or c) request for application in condition for allowance because: <u>See</u>		dered but does NOT place the
6. The affidavit or exhibit will NOT be considered becaraised by the Examiner in the final rejection.	ause it is not directed SOLELY to	o issues which were newly
7. For purposes of Appeal, the proposed amendment explanation of how the new or amended claims we		
The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:		
Claim(s) allowed:		
Claim(s) objected to:		
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-10 and 28-36</u> .		
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:		
8. The proposed drawing correction filed on is	a) approved or b) disapp	roved by the Examiner.
9. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statemen	nt(s)(PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	f., 1
10. Other:		
		EDDIE LEE PERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNIOLOGY CENTER 2800

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Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Applicant's arguments are not persuasive. Applicant argues that Yamamoto does not teach the claimed limitations. However, the Examiner disagrees. Yamamoto, contrary to what Applicant states in the remarks, teaches such limitations in the Abstract and Figures 1-13. For example, Yamamoto, as acknowledged by Applicant on page 6 of the remarks, teaches the use of a polyimide layer 17 to mitigate the effects of the stress in semiconductor device (see also paragraphs [0010] and [0040] of Yamamoto), which agrees with the definition of the term "stress cushioning" used by Applicant to describe the layer 3. Further, Yamamoto teaches the use of a polyimide resin layer as the stress relieve layer 17 (see Abstract and paragraph [0013]), which fulfills the requirements disclosed by Applicant on page 24, lines 15-21. Thus, the layer 17 of Yamamoto is a "stress cushioning" layer since such a layer is formed of the same material, as disclosed in Applicant's Specification, and has the same claimed effect of mitigating the stress in the semiconductor device.

In addition, with regards to the cutting scribe lines, Applicant should note that Yamamoto also anticipates such a limitation. For example, and for the Applicant's convenience, Figure 13 of Yamamoto shows the cutting scribe lines (23) that separate each semiconductor device (24) (consider each square), wherein each semiconductor device include the stress cushioning layer (17), lead wire portion (14), conductive protective layer (10) and external electrodes (11), as described in the last Office action. Thus, the stress cushioning layer (17), lead wire portion (14), conductive protective layer (10) and external electrodes (11) of each semiconductor device (24) are inside of the square or cutting scribe lines (23), as required by Applicant.

Finally, Yamamoto states that his invention provides a "high reliable device" contrary to what Applicant argues in the remarks (see for example paragraphs [0010] and [0040] of Yamamoto). Therefore, Applicant arguments are not persuasive since Yamamoto anticipates the claimed limitations.